









## Area of use\*











### **Technical features**

High visibility bomber jacket.

Outside material: 100% polyester (Oxford 300D) coated with PU.

Lining: polar fleece polyester, 280 gsm.

Taped seams. Attached hood with drawcords, rolled into collar.

Detachable sleeves. 3 outer pockets and 1 inner pocket.

Zip fastening under studded flap. Loins protection.

Knitted wrists under the sleeves. Retro-reflective tapes.

Zip access for print.

Colour: orange. Sizes: S to 4XL. Packaging: carton of 10 pieces. Subpackaging: individual polybag.



# **Advantages**

- > Resistant and light thanks to the outside material (300D Oxford polyester coated with PU).
- > Warm thanks to the lining (polyester).
- > Better visibility thanks to retro-reflective tapes.
- > Versatile thanks to the detachable sleeves.
- > Customizable thanks to the zip access for printing.
- > Quality and safety of materials with OEKO-TEX® certification.



### Certification

This product complies with European Regulation (EU) 2016/425 on Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Category II. Issued by CENTEXBEL, notified body n°0493.

EN ISO 20471: 2013



EN ISO 20471: 2013



EN 343: 2003







Download the EU declaration of conformity on http://docs.singer.fr



# A B C C Resulting thermal insulation. Optional test. EN 14058 - AGAINST COOL ENVIRONMENTS A Thermal resistance. Class 1 to 4 (4 being the best). C Resulting thermal insulation. Optional test. D Resistance to water penetration. Optional test.

EN 343 - AGAINST BAD WEATHER		
A	A	Resistance to water penetration. Class 1 to 4 (class 4 being the best).
В	В	Evaporative resistance. Class 1 to 4 (class 4 being the best).
R	R	Controlled under a rain simulator (optional). Class R.

	EN 150 11	611 - WELDING AND ALLIED PROCESSES
	Class 1	Against minor risks: Less projections and a weak radiant heat.
\ <u></u>	Class 2	$\label{prop:continuous} \mbox{Against important risks: More projections and a more important radiant heat.}$
	A1 or A2	Test method used for spreading of the flame, in conformity with the standard ISO 15024/2000.

A1 and/or A2	Limited flame spread.
B1 to B3	Convective heat.
C1 to C4	Radiant heat.
D1 to D3	Molten aluminium splash.
E1 to E3	Molten iron splash.
F1 to F3	Contact heat.

This standard imposes a number of requirements in terms of product design (for exemple: the flap of the outer pockets must be larger than the pocket ...). Each garment must bear the code letters A1 and / or A2 plus at least another code letter.

EN ISO 14116 - LIMITED FLAME SPREAD			
	A	Index 1	Limited flame spread / Absence of burning debris / Residual glow.
		Index 2	Limited flame spread / Absence of burning debris / Residual glow / No hole formations.
		Index 3	Limited flame spread / Absence of burning debris / Residual glow / No hole formations / Limited persistence of flame.
A/BC/D	В	-	Number of washes.
AIBCID	С	Н	Home washing.
		I	Industrial washing.
		С	Chemical washing.
	D	-	Washing temperature.

If the materials can not be washed: BC/D = 0/0. The pictogram (see above) can be used only if the product has been tested to another standard of flame protection.

### EN 1149-5 - ELECTROSTATIC PROPERTIES



Electrostatic properties, part 5.

Material performance and design requirements.

### EN ISO 20471 - HIGH VISIBILITY



Class 2  $\label{eq:Background} Background material: > 0,50 \ m^2. \ Retro-reflective material: > 0,13 \ m^2.$   $Combined \ performance \ material: - \ m^2.$ 

Class 3 Background material: > 0,80 m². Retro-reflective material: > 0,20 m².

Combined performance material: - m².

The coefficient of retro-reflection of the retro-reflective material must be class 2 to comply with EN ISO 20471 (class 1 of previous EN 471 standard has been cancelled). 
«X» indicates the class of the garment according to the compulsory minimum area..

### EN 14404 - KNEE PROTECTION



Type 1	Protective portable knee pads.
Type 2	Knee pads associated with clothing.
Type 3	Carpet for knees.
Type 4	Kneeling systems.
Level 0	Flat floors, no resistance to penetration required.
Level 1	Flat floors, resistance to penetration of 100N.
Level 2	Flat or irregular surfaces, resistance to penetration of 100N.
Level 3	Flat or irregular surfaces under difficult conditions, resistance to penetration of 250N.

### FN 61482 - THERMAL HAZARDS OF AN ELECTRICAL ARC



APC 1	Tested with an electrical arc of 4 000 amperes
APC 2	Tested with an electrical arc of 7 000 amperes

Also, for each class, are checked: - Absence of flame spread.
- Absence of heat transfer that can burn the user to the 2nd degree.
- Proper functioning of the EPI closure systems after the tests.

### EN 943, EN 14605, EN ISO 13982, EN 1303 AGAINST CHEMICALS



	Type 1	Gaz tight.
	Type 2	Non gaz tight.
	Type 3	Liquid tight connections.
	Type 4	Spray-tight connections.
	Type 5	Protection to the full body against airborne solid particulates.
	Type 6	Limited protection against liquid chemicals.

### EN 14126 - AGAINST INFECTIVE AGENTS



Performance requirements and tests methods for protective clothing against infective agents.

### EN 1073-2 - AGAINST RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION



Requirements and test methods for non-ventilated protective clothing against particulate radioactive contamination.

"X" means that the glove has not been submitted to the test.